BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF SOUTH CAROLINA

DOCKET NO. 2011-271-E

In the Matter of:	
	CORRECTED
Application of Duke Energy Carolinas,	DIRECT TESTIMONY OF
LLC for Authority to Adjust and Increase) CATHERINE E. HEIGEL FOR
Its Electric Rates and Charges) DUKE ENERGY CAROLINAS, LLC
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1		I. <u>INTRODUCTION</u>
2	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, BUSINESS ADDRESS, AND POSITION
3		WITH DUKE ENERGY.
4	A.	My name is Catherine E. Heigel and my business address is 40 West Broad Street
5		Greenville, South Carolina 29601. I am President of Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC
6		("Duke Energy Carolinas" or "Company") for South Carolina. Duke Energy
7		Carolinas is a subsidiary of Duke Energy Corporation ("Duke Energy").
8	Q.	WHAT ARE YOUR DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES AS PRESIDENT
9		OF DUKE ENERGY CAROLINAS FOR SOUTH CAROLINA?
10	A.	I am responsible for advancing the Company's rate and regulatory initiatives and
11		managing state and local regulatory and governmental relations, economic
12		development and community affairs. I am responsible for the execution of our
13		rates, regulatory, and legislative strategy in South Carolina.
14	Q.	PLEASE BRIEFLY DESCRIBE YOUR EDUCATIONAL AND
15		PROFESSIONAL BACKGROUND.
16	A.	I graduated magna cum laude, Phi Beta Kappa and with Honors from the
17		University of South Carolina with a Bachelor of Arts degree in International
18		Studies. I hold a Juris Doctor degree from The Ohio State University College of
19		Law, where I was an associate editor of the Ohio State Law Journal. I also
20		completed the Advanced Management Program at the Wharton School of Business
21		the Leadership at the Peak Program at the Center for Creative Leadership; the Duke
22		Energy Strategic Leadership Program at the University of North Carolina's Kenan-
23		Flagler School of Business; and Oxford University's Summer Law Programme.

I have been in my current position since March 2010. Prior to that, I served
briefly as a special advisor to Duke Energy's Chairman, President and Chief
Executive Officer, James E. Rogers. Before taking the special assignment
supporting Mr. Rogers, I worked since 2006 in the state regulatory group for
Duke Energy's U.S. Franchise Electric and Gas organization. In that role, I
advised the company's senior management on regulatory and compliance matters.
I also represented Duke Energy in a wide variety of issues before state utility
commissions, including energy efficiency and general rate proceedings.

I began my legal career in 1995 with the Department of Consumer Affairs, Consumer Advocate Division working as a consumer advocate for the State of South Carolina in utility and insurance regulatory matters. I joined Duke Energy in 1997 as senior counsel providing legal support for Duke Engineering & Services (DE&S), a non-regulated engineering consulting services subsidiary of Duke Energy. From 2003 to 2006, I practiced law in the private sector.

I am admitted to the state bar associations of South Carolina, North Carolina, Georgia, Ohio and New York, and am a member of the American Bar Association. I am a member of the South Carolina Centers of Economic Excellence Review Board, the Palmetto Business Forum and the University of South Carolina's President's Initiatives Committee. I also serve on the board of the South Carolina Manufacturers Alliance, Meals on Wheels of Greenville County, the Greenville Symphony Orchestra, the Palmetto Conservation Foundation, The Nature Conservancy – South Carolina chapter, and the ETV Endowment of South Carolina.

1 II. **PURPOSE AND OVERVIEW** 2 \boldsymbol{A} . **Purpose** 3 **PURPOSE** YOUR TESTIMONY IN THIS Q. WHAT IS THE OF 4 **PROCEEDING?** 5 The purpose of my testimony is to explain our request to increase electric rates and A. 6 charges and connect the relief we are requesting in this proceeding with the ongoing system modernization efforts we have undertaken to ensure continued safe, reliable 7 and affordable electric service for our South Carolina customers. 8 9 Q. WHO ARE THE OTHER WITNESSES PRESENTING TESTIMONY IN 10 **SUPPORT** OF THE **COMPANY'S** APPLICATION IN THIS 11 **PROCEEDING?** 12 The Company's other witnesses filing direct testimony in support of this case are: Α. 13 1. Dhiaa M. Jamil, Group Executive and Chief Generation Officer, who provides an update on our fleet modernization program and other capital 14 additions since the Company's last general rate case in 2009, including an 15 16 update on the Cliffside, Dan River, and Oconee HELB Phase II projects that 17 support the construction work in progress ("CWIP") balance that the 18 Company has included in rate base in this case. Witness Jamil discusses the operational performance of Duke Energy Carolinas' nuclear, fossil, 19 20 hydroelectric, and renewable generation portfolio during the January 2010

through December 2010 test period ("Test Period").

¹ Application of Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC for Authority to Adjust and Increase Its Electric Rates and Charges, Docket No. 2009-226-E ("2009 Rate Case").

1	2.	Jim L. Stanley, Senior Vice President, Power Delivery, who discusses the
2		Company's power delivery operations and provides an update to our
3		modernization programs for the Company's transmission and distribution
4		infrastructure. He also discusses the Company's reliability performance, as
5		well as our initiatives and performance in this area.
6	3.	Stephen G. De May, Senior Vice President, Investor Relations and
7		Treasurer, who addresses the Company's financial objectives, capital
8		structure, and cost of capital.
9	4.	Robert Hevert, President of Concentric Energy Advisors, who presents his
10		independent analysis of the Company's cost of equity. Additionally
11		Witness Hevert makes a recommendation for an allowed rate of return or
12		equity that is fair and that allows the Company to both attract capital or
13		reasonable terms and maintain financial strength.
14	5.	J. Danny Wiles, Vice President, Franchise Electric and Gas Accounting
15		describes the financial position of Duke Energy Carolinas at December 31
16		2010, and actual results of the Company's operations for the calendar year
17		ending December 31, 2010, which is the Test Period for this filing. He also
18		addresses our depreciation expense and nuclear decommissioning costs
19		recorded in the Test Period.
20	6.	Phillip O. Stillman, General Manager, Regulatory Accounting and
21		Planning, who supports the allocation of total company revenue
22		requirements to the South Carolina retail jurisdiction and to each customer

class.

	7.	Jane L. McManeus, Managing Director, Rates, who supports the base fuel
		factor. In addition, she provides the accounting adjustments necessary to
		annualize and normalize test period revenues and fuel costs and adjust for
		costs and revenues recovered through non-fuel riders.
	8.	Carol E. Shrum, Vice President, Rates, who describes the results of Duke
		Energy Carolinas' operations under present rates on the basis of an adjusted
		historical test period using the twelve months ended December 31, 2010.
		Ms. Shrum details the additional revenue required as a result of the cost
		increases since the 2009 Rate Case, and discusses several adjustments to the
		end of year rate base. Finally, Ms. Shrum presents the pro formas to
		estimate the costs to be recovered by the Company for actual costs incurred
		in 2011 through the anticipated hearing date for this case.
	9.	Jeffrey R. Bailey, Director, Pricing Design and Analysis, who discusses the
		Company's proposed rate design and tariffs. He also describes the proposed
		changes to the retail tariffs and quantifies the effects of those changes on our
		customers.
		B. Overview
Q.	PLEA	SE GIVE AN OVERVIEW OF DUKE ENERGY CAROLINAS'
	ELEC	CTRIC UTILITY SYSTEM AND OPERATIONS.
A.	Duke	Energy Carolinas is South Carolina's second largest investor-owned electric
	utility	in terms of the number of retail customers served, the size of our service
	territo	ry, the size of our power production system, and the size of our transmission
	and o	distribution system. In 2010, we provided retail electric service to
		ximately 2.4 million retail customers throughout a 24,000 square mile service
	-	9. PLEA ELEC A. Duke utility territor and of

territory in Western South Carolina and the Central and Western portions of North
Carolina. Approximately 600,000 of our retail customers are in South Carolina.
Our retail customers include residential, commercial, institutional, governmental,
and industrial customers. Manufacturing continues to be an important contributor to
the economy in our region, with the rubber and plastic products, chemicals, paper
products, and automotive industries also being of major significance to our service
territory's economy. Although textile manufacturing has become a smaller
percentage of our industrial load, it still plays a significant role in our region, as do
the real estate and education services sectors. The major South Carolina customer
concentrations in our territory include Greenville, Spartanburg, Fort Mill, and
Anderson.
To generate the power to serve these customers. Duke Energy Carolinas

To generate the power to serve these customers, Duke Energy Carolinas owns and operates three nuclear generating stations (two owned outright and one owned partially), eight coal-fired generating stations, twenty-eight hydroelectric stations, and eight gas-fired combustion turbine generating stations. Altogether, these generating facilities are capable of producing approximately 19,000 megawatts ("MWs") of electricity. The Company also makes long-term and spot market purchases of electricity to ensure economical and reliable service to our customers. The testimony of Witness Jamil provides further detail on our power supply resources.

To transmit and distribute this power, Duke Energy Carolinas owns and/or operates approximately 13,000 circuit miles of transmission lines, over 1,600 substations, over 100,000 miles of distribution lines, and is interconnected with eight other electric utilities. Witness Stanley's testimony provides additional detail on our

1	power delivery operations.	In addition, the Company has 41 operations centers
2	throughout our South Carolina	a and North Carolina service territories from which we
3	provide service to our custome	ers.

Q. PLEASE SUMMARIZE THE DRIVERS FOR THE COMPANY'S RATE 5 REQUEST.

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This case is driven by the \$6.5 billion of capital invested in the "bricks and mortar" projects of the Company, including our modernization program that consists of retiring, replacing and/or upgrading generation plants and transmission and distribution systems. Our modernization program is necessary to enable us to continue safely providing reliable and environmentally compliant electricity at reasonable costs for our customers. Accordingly, this case is largely a continuation of our modernization strategy that underpinned the 2009 Rate Case. Both across the country and in the Carolinas, utilities are taking steps to address aging power plants. This effort is even more important to Duke Energy Carolinas, given the approximate average ages of our generation and power delivery systems: coal-fired power plants (61 years old); nuclear generation system (30 years old); hydroelectric (79 years old); transmission and distribution system (certain major components range in age between approximately 30 and 40 years old). The need to modernize our system is also driven by ever-increasing environmental compliance requirements such as the need for emission controls to comply with increasingly stringent state and federal emission regulations.

In addition to the large capital investments the Company has made in its electric system since the 2009 Rate Case, our costs tied to the existing system continue to rise. The result is that the rates our customers pay today are not adequate

1		to recover the Company's costs to operate and maintain the existing system. When	
2		current revenues become insufficient to cover the cost of operating and maintaining	
3		a safe and reliable electric system, it is time to realign customer rates with costs to	
4		serve them. Accordingly, the Company's requested rate increase better aligns the	
5		Company's rates with its costs to serve customers.	
6	Q.	PLEASE EXPLAIN HOW THE COMPANY'S APPLICATION SUPPORTS	
7		THE COMPANY'S CORPORATE MISSION?	
8	A.	Our mission is to improve the lives of our customers by providing low cost and	
9		reliable electricity in a sustainable way today and into the future. To achieve this	
10		mission on behalf of our customers, the Company has invested significant capital to	
11		modernize the Carolinas' electric system and comply with increasingly stringent	
12		environmental mandates. To ensure we maintain the financial strength the Company	
13		needs to continue to compete for the capital our business requires, we must begin	
14		recovery of these dollars now. We accomplish this, in part, by better aligning the	
15		rates our customers pay with the costs to serve them. Consistent with our mission to	
16		make people's lives better by providing electric services in a sustainable way, we	
17		make the following commitments in this case:	
18		(1) We will maintain a safe and reliable electricity supply.	
19		(2) We will continue to deliver excellent customer service that is accessible and	
20		convenient.	
21		(3) We will continue to be good stewards of the state's natural resources by	

complying with all environmental rules and regulations. We will continue to

invest and spend money prudently to meet our legal obligations.

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1		(4) We will maintain competitive prices. As we make investments to modernize
2		our system and comply with federal mandates, we do so with long-term
3		competitive rates in mind. Investments in our system today help to ensure
4		low cost reliable power in the future. After this rate case, our customers'
5		rates will remain below the national average and competitive in the
6		Southeast, even during a period of increasing costs for Duke Energy
7		Carolinas.
8		III. <u>EXPLANATION OF RATE REQUEST</u>
9	Q.	PLEASE DESCRIBE THE CAPITAL INVESTMENTS MADE BY THE
10		COMPANY AS PART OF ITS MODERNIZATION PROGRAM.
11	A.	Including pro-forma adjustments in this rate case, Duke Energy Carolinas has made
12		capital investments of \$6.5 billion in its electric system for plant modernization,
13		environmental compliance and other capital additions. This total includes the
14		following major projects or categories:
15		New Plant:
16		A. Cliffside Unit 5 Scrubber (\$565 million);
17		B. Buck Combined Cycle Project (\$700 million);
18		C. Tornado/High Energy Line Break work at Oconee Nuclear Station (\$135
19		million for the phase I in-service investment);
20		D. Bridgewater Powerhouse Replacement Project (\$180 million);
21		E. Generation Maintenance and Nuclear Fuel (approximately \$1.4 billion);
22		F. Transmission and Distribution Plant (approximately \$1 billion); and
23		G. Other General Plant projects (\$240 million).

1 <u>Construction Work In Progress:</u>

- 2 H. Cliffside Unit 6 (\$676 million additional investment);
- I. Tornado/High Energy Line Break work at Oconee Nuclear Station (\$534 million for the phase II investment);
- 5 J. Dan River Combined Cycle Project (\$415 million);
- 6 K. Other Nuclear, Fossil, Hydro, and Combustion Turbine (\$378 million);
- 7 L. Transmission, Distribution, and Other General Projects (\$251 million).

Q. WHAT IS THE RATE INCREASE PROPOSED BY DUKE ENERGY

CAROLINAS?

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A. Duke Energy Carolinas is seeking to increase its retail revenues by approximately \$216 million, which represents an overall 14.6% increase in rates. The majority of our requested increase is related to investments in new plant as described above. On a South Carolina jurisdictional basis, our gross rate base additions include new plant additions of approximately \$134 million for the Cliffside Unit 5 scrubber, \$166 million for the Buck Combined Cycle Plant, \$32 million for the Tornado/High Energy Line Break ("HELB") work at Oconee Nuclear Station, \$43 million for the Bridgewater Powerhouse Replacement, \$223 million for General Maintenance and Nuclear fuel, \$214 million for costs associated with transmission and distribution, and \$54 million for other general plant additions. In addition to new plant, rate base additions attributable to CWIP are as follows: \$138 million for Cliffside Unit 6, \$127 million for phase II of Oconee HELB, \$98 million for Dan River Combined Cycle, \$90 million associated with Other Nuclear, Fossil, Hydro, and Combustion Turbine projects and \$57 million associated with Transmission, Distribution, and other General Projects. Including cost of capital, depreciation and property taxes,

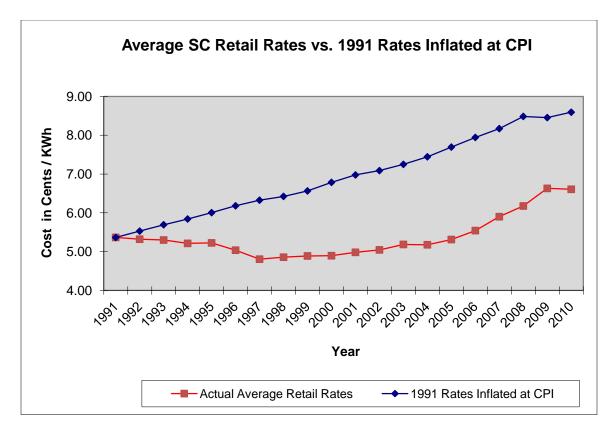
gross plant additions to our generation and power delivery systems transla	ate into
approximately \$191 million in additional annual revenue requirements.	

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Approximately \$9 million of our rate increase is due to employee benefits cost increases. Our request also includes \$10 million annually for the next three years for costs associated with the Company's Voluntary Opportunity Program that provided a means for individuals to voluntarily leave our Company allowing us to reduce labor and labor-related costs and pension settlement expense amortization. The remaining increase in revenue requirements is due to additional financing and other general costs explained in the testimony of Witnesses Shrum and McManeus.

Q. CAN YOU PUT DUKE ENERGY CAROLINAS' RATES INTO PERSPECTIVE?

Yes. Duke Energy Carolinas has been able to hold prices well below the rate of inflation since the early 1990s. In other words, customers are paying lower rates today than they were in 1991 on an inflation-adjusted basis using the Consumer Price Index ("CPI"). If retail rates had increased in lock-step with inflation, customers would be paying average rates of more than 8.6 cents per kilowatt hour as opposed to the approximately 6.6 cents they are paying today. The following chart was prepared for me to demonstrate this significant difference:



Even after the requested rate increase, our rates will continue to be competitive in the Southeast and below the national average. We believe that electricity in South Carolina remains an excellent value, even with our proposed increase. From 1988 to 2008 (nominal dollars), basic consumer goods like gas and health care have more than doubled in price. Food and beverages have increased by more than 80%. However, as demonstrated above, the cost of electricity in South Carolina has not seen such drastic increases, which is especially meaningful given the value provided by electricity. Electricity provides so many practical benefits including powering appliances, heating and cooling homes, and cooking food, and it allows us to use our televisions, computers, and other such devices that are part of our everyday lives.

0. WHY DOESN'T THE COMPANY HALT ITS CAPITAL EXPENDITURES

UNTIL THE ECONOMY IS STRONGER?

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A. Several of our projects such as the construction of Cliffside Unit 6, the Cliffside Unit 5 scrubber, and the Buck Combined Cycle project have been in process for a number of years, and the need for these types of projects does not go away even 6 during a recession. As indicated in the 2010 Duke Energy Carolinas Integrated Resource Plan ("IRP"), filed in Docket No. 2010-10-E ("2010 IRP"), the Company 8 must be prepared to meet new load growth in future years and address expected plant retirements. Although the levels of growth may be less than we anticipated in 10 prior years, the Company expects to see growth over the long term and must be ready to meet the electricity needs associated with it. Finally, the Company must 12 comply with environmental regulations regardless of the state of the economy, and 13 our modernization program allows us to meet that objective.

WILL DUKE ENERGY CAROLINAS RETIRE GENERATING UNITS AS Q. PART OF THE COMPANY'S MODERNIZATION PROGRAM?

Yes. The 2010 IRP assumes the retirement of 370 megawatts ("MWs") of our oldest (1960's vintage) combustion turbines, as well as the retirement of 1,667 MWs of coal-fired generation, representing all of the Company's coal-fired generation resources without installed flue gas desulfurization facilities (also known as "SO₂ scrubbers") by 2015. The projected coal retirements are driven by the conditions set forth in the North Carolina Utilities Commission's Order Granting Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity with Conditions in Docket No. E-7, Sub 790

PLEASE DESCRIBE THE ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLIANCE
minimize costs associated with obsolescence and maintenance of older equipment.
embrace new technology for higher efficiency, reduce our carbon footprint, and
them in the coming years with a new fleet of coal and natural gas facilities that
service for our customers for many decades, but it is now appropriate to replace
earlier than projected within the 2009 IRP. These units have provided reliable
assumes approximately 890 MW of coal-fired generation capacity will be retired
SO ₂ scrubber will be retired by 2015. Based on these assumptions, the 2010 IRP
planning assumption that all coal-fired generation that does not have an installed
anticipation of these increased control requirements, the 2010 IRP incorporates a
Company has not made a firm decision as to when this generation will be retired in
or retirement of coal fired generation in the 2014 to 2018 timeframe. Although the
increase the need for the installation of additional environmental control technology
and fish impingement/entrainment. These new EPA rules, if implemented, will
to generation resources, such as mercury, SO ₂ , NOx, coal combustion by-products
Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") rules regulating multiple areas relating
(March 21, 2007) ² and the anticipated impact of a series of new proposed U.S.

- 17 Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLIANCE
 18 CHALLENGES FACING THE COMPANY AND HOW THE COMPANY IS
 19 ADDRESSING THESE AND OTHER EMERGING CHALLENGES.
- A. Through our modernization program, we are still working to comply with the North Carolina Clean Smokestacks Act and Phase 1 of the Federal Clean Air Interstate

² The Cliffside Order requires the retirement of the existing Cliffside Units 1-4 no later than the commercial operation date of the new unit, and retirement of older coal-fired generating units (in addition to Cliffside Units 1-4) on a MW-for-MW basis, considering the impact on the reliability of the system, to account for actual load reductions realized from the new energy efficiency ("EE") and demand side management ("DSM") programs

up to the MW level added by the new Cliffside Unit 6.

Rule ³ and that compliance requires considerable investment. We face uncertainty
regarding greenhouse gas regulation by the EPA which could require even more
substantial investments, as older fossil-fuel generating units are retired, new
generation sources are constructed, and new energy efficiency ("EE") and demand-
side management ("DSM") programs are put in place. Our current three year (2011-
2013) budget for projected capital expenditures for Duke Energy Carolinas is
approximately \$7.0 billion, which includes significant capital expenditures for the
Cliffside Unit 6 project and for new gas-fired generation units, in addition to on-
going environmental and Nuclear Regulatory Commission ("NRC") compliance
costs and numerous other capital projects. Further, the 2010 IRP identified
approximately 2,200 MWs of additional resources that are needed by 2020. To meet
this challenge, we continue to pursue a diverse generation mix that includes
EE/DSM to meet customer demand, along with advanced nuclear and coal, natural
gas, and renewable energy. However, these resource needs may change, depending
on the uncertainties related to emission control regulations that could result in
additional retirements and/or earlier retirements of older units.

Duke Energy Carolinas, like many other utilities, is facing myriad other challenges. We are facing cost uncertainty as we deal with rising health care and pension costs, compliance costs for North American Electric Reliability Corporation

 $^{^3}$ The EPA finalized its CAIR rule in May 2005. On July 11, 2008, however, the D.C. Circuit issued a decision in a challenge to the legality of the rule, in *North Carolina v. EPA* No. 05-1244, vacating the CAIR rule. The EPA filed a petition for rehearing on September 24, 2008 with the D.C. Circuit asking the court to reconsider various parts of its ruling vacating CAIR. In December of 2008, the D.C. Circuit issued a decision remanding the CAIR to EPA without vacatur. The court required EPA to conduct a new rulemaking to modify the CAIR in accordance with the court's July 11, 2008 opinion. This decision means that the CAIR as initially finalized in 2005 remains in effect until the new EPA rule takes effect. On July 6, 2011, EPA promulgated the CSAPR, to replace CAIR. CSAPR has two phases. The first phase begins January 1, 2012 for SO2 and annual NOx reductions and May 1, 2012 for ozone season NOx reductions. The second phase begins January 1, 2014 for SO2 and annual NOx reductions and May 1, 2014 for ozone season NOx reductions. The emission controls Duke Energy Carolinas is installing to comply with state specific clean air legislation contribute significantly to achieving compliance with CAIR and CSAPR requirements.

1		requirements, cybersecurity concerns, volatile financial markets, potential cost
2		increases for nuclear compliance costs, digital delivery system readiness and
3		modernization, and a workforce that is rapidly approaching retirement age.
4	Q.	HOW DOES TIMELY RECOVERY OF ITS INVESTMENTS HELP THE
5		COMPANY TO ADDRESS ITS BUSINESS CHALLENGES?
6	A.	As explained in detail by Witness De May, the credit rating agencies and investors
7		view the Company's ability to obtain timely cash recovery on prudently incurred
8		costs as a major factor in their assessment of financial strength and credit quality.
9		Strong credit ratings and credit quality enable the Company to access the substantial
10		capital it needs to replace aging and retired infrastructure, to comply with
11		environmental requirements, and to invest in new, more efficient technologies on
12		reasonable terms for the benefit of our customers.
13		Although in 2009 the settling parties agreed to an overall allowed return on
14		equity ("ROE") of 11.0%, the Company earned 9.52% in 2010 as reported to the
15		Commission in our SC Quarterly report for the twelve months ended December 31,
16		2010. This 9.52% ROE includes the benefit of extreme weather. Absent the sales
17		that occurred from extreme weather, the Company's actual ROE would have been
18		significantly less under current rates, and the Company expects a further decline in
19		its ROE for 2011 due to its continued costs of replacing and refurbishing our
20		generation and power delivery resources.
21		The Company needs to maintain its sound financial position for the benefit
22		of both its customers and investors. The ability to earn a fair and reasonable ROE
23		will help ensure access to capital markets, especially in uncertain financial markets.

Witness Hevert explains his assessment of the return on equity that the Company

will need to provide to investors to continue to obtain this type of financing, and recommends that the Commission authorize an 11.5% ROE. We must remain competitive with other utilities in attracting financing, which is one of the reasons we are asking for an increase in the ROE.

IV. <u>MITIGATION EFFORTS</u>

A.

A. General Efforts

7 Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE COMPANY'S EFFORTS TO LESSEN THE 8 IMPACT OF THE PROPOSED RATE INCREASE?

Although we are facing significant cost pressures, we continue to challenge ourselves to find ways to provide more efficient and cost-effective service to our customers. We have worked throughout the Company to limit our overall non-fuel operation and maintenance ("O&M") expenses since the economic downturn in 2008. In fact, we had successive O&M challenges in 2008, 2009 and 2010, which enabled the Company to maintain a relatively flat level of O&M expenses through this period. Despite the fact that we work to be prudent managers of expenses, it will be difficult to sustain our mission of providing reliable service without some increase in these O&M expenses.

We have also worked hard to improve the efficiency of our generating fleet so that it is among the most efficient in the nation, including continuing our efforts to optimize the time between planned outages and to increase the time plants are available to provide electricity for customers. As Witness Jamil testifies, 2010 was an exceptional year for the Company's plant operations. The Company's "Equivalent Availability Factor," an industry measure for availability of power plants, was 86.3 percent in 2010 for fleet-wide coal-fired plants, compared to the

1		national average of 84.2 percent. A measure of plant performance, "BTU/kWh" was
2		9,656 for the coal fleet in 2010, and 9,336 for Belews Creek which ranked as the
3		country's third most efficient plant. Our nuclear fleet experienced a record capacity
4		factor of 95.88 percent in 2010. This was the eleventh consecutive year our fleet
5		capacity factor exceeded 90 percent. Duke Energy Carolinas' nuclear fleet was the
6		lowest cost fleet (total operating cost) for the third consecutive year. These
7		operational efforts resulted in significant cost savings for our customers on their total
8		bill.
9		In 2010, we sought to control our human resources expenses in a way that
10		does not compromise service to our customers. We offered a Voluntary Opportunity
11		Plan to our employees to reduce labor costs. The plan was offered to approximately
12		8,750 employees and approximately 900 employees accepted. The departure dates
13		for employees were staggered to manage impact to the business. In addition, we
14		consolidated and eliminated other positions where possible. As a result of these
15		efforts, we have been able to reduce the size of our workforce while continuing to
16		provide a safe and reliable supply of electricity to our customers.
17		B. Bill Management
18	Q.	DOES THE COMPANY OFFER ANY PROGRAMS TO HELP
19		CUSTOMERS MANAGE THEIR BILLS?
20	A.	Yes, Duke Energy Carolinas offers several optional bill management programs to
21		help meet our customers' varied needs. The programs are briefly described
22		below.

Equalized Payment Program - This program helps customers manage

their monthly energy costs by setting a monthly billing amount based on

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1		an average annual cost. Customers have the option of having their bills
2		adjusted quarterly or annually to reflect actual usage.
3		• Extended Payment Agreements - Duke Energy Carolinas offers extended
4		payment plans to eligible customers who are having difficulty paying their
5		entire bill by the due date. During a twelve month period, residential
6		customers may be eligible for one extension of up to six months.
7		• Share the Warmth, Cooling Assistance, and Fan Heat Relief - These
8		energy assistance programs are available to eligible Duke Energy
9		Carolinas customers who need financial assistance with their electric bills.
10		The programs are independently administered by 80 preselected agencies.
11		Share the Warmth is completely funded by Duke Energy Carolinas
12		employees, customers, and shareholders. For 2010, Duke Energy
13		Carolinas and its employees provided total funding to the program in
14		excess of \$2.4 million. In addition, through AdvanceSC, the Company
15		contributed an additional \$500,000 to these programs from its bulk power
16		marketing sales as I describe later.
17		The Company also offers a number of bill payment options for customers in
18		addition to the traditional bill payment option via U.S. mail including Automatic
19		Payment Plan, Speedpay and Paperless Billing.
20		C. Energy Efficiency
21	Q.	IN ADDITION TO BILLING AND PAYMENT OPTIONS, DOES THE
22		COMPANY OFFER PROGRAMS TO HELP CUSTOMERS USE LESS
23		ENERGY AND THEREBY LOWER THEIR BILLS?

1	A.	Yes. In addition to working hard to manage our costs and keep our rates
2		competitive, we also recognize that one of the best ways we can help our customers
3		who are struggling financially is to help them better manage their electric usage. We
4		offer customers Residential Energy Assessments, a Home Energy Comparison
5		Report, a Residential Retrofit pilot, and various incentives through our Residential
6		Smart \$aver® and Power Manager programs. These programs enable residential
7		customers of all income levels to reduce their monthly electric bills.

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For example, in 2010, approximately 230,000 orders were placed by our South Carolina customers for compact fluorescent light bulbs (CFLs) through our Residential Smart \$aver® program. We experienced high participation across the entire residential population, including low income and rental customers who traditionally have been more difficult to reach. This accomplishment was possible due to the Company's outreach to and partnership with renters and property managers. Notably, these 230,000 orders equate to about 1,900,000 CFLs and 110,400 megawatt hours saved.

HAVE NON-RESIDENTIAL CUSTOMERS ALSO BENEFITED FROM Q. **PARTICIPATING** IN THE **COMPANY'S ENERGY EFFICIENCY PROGRAMS?**

Yes. Through the Company's Smart \$aver Prescriptive and Smart \$aver Custom programs, our non-residential customers have realized significant efficiency gains as In 2010, Duke Energy Carolinas paid incentives totaling approximately \$4,326,000 for over 326,000 measures installed as part of the Smart \$aver Prescriptive program. The customer impacts on the Duke Energy Carolinas system from these measures totaled approximately 56,600 megawatt hours of energy

1		reduction and 14.5 megawatts of peak demand reduction. In addition, participation
2		in the Smart \$aver Custom program in 2010 led to incentive payments by the
3		Company of over a million dollars for custom applications generating further energy
4		reductions of approximately 20,900 megawatt hours and peak demand reductions of
5		2.6 megawatts on the Carolinas system.
6	Q.	IS THE COMPANY SEEKING TO BE COMPENSATED FOR ITS ENERGY
7		EFFICIENCY AND DEMAND-SIDE MANAGEMENT PROGRAMS IN
8		THIS PROCEEDING?
9	A.	No. The Company is compensated for its portfolio of energy efficiency and
10		demand-side management programs through Rider EE, which is subject to a separate
11		annual proceeding.
12		D. Economic Development Activities
13	Q.	DO THE COMPANY'S ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT EFFORTS
13 14	Q.	DO THE COMPANY'S ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT EFFORTS BENEFIT ITS CUSTOMERS?
	Q. A.	
14		BENEFIT ITS CUSTOMERS?
14 15		BENEFIT ITS CUSTOMERS? Yes. Duke Energy Carolinas has a long history of supporting the economic
141516		BENEFIT ITS CUSTOMERS? Yes. Duke Energy Carolinas has a long history of supporting the economic development of South Carolina. Our first generating plants and transmission and
14151617		BENEFIT ITS CUSTOMERS? Yes. Duke Energy Carolinas has a long history of supporting the economic development of South Carolina. Our first generating plants and transmission and distribution grid were built over a hundred years ago to fuel industrial development
1415161718		BENEFIT ITS CUSTOMERS? Yes. Duke Energy Carolinas has a long history of supporting the economic development of South Carolina. Our first generating plants and transmission and distribution grid were built over a hundred years ago to fuel industrial development in the Carolinas. Our sales and profits are inextricably tied to the economic success
14 15 16 17 18		BENEFIT ITS CUSTOMERS? Yes. Duke Energy Carolinas has a long history of supporting the economic development of South Carolina. Our first generating plants and transmission and distribution grid were built over a hundred years ago to fuel industrial development in the Carolinas. Our sales and profits are inextricably tied to the economic success of our service area. Recent history demonstrates this connection. The changing
14 15 16 17 18 19 20		Yes. Duke Energy Carolinas has a long history of supporting the economic development of South Carolina. Our first generating plants and transmission and distribution grid were built over a hundred years ago to fuel industrial development in the Carolinas. Our sales and profits are inextricably tied to the economic success of our service area. Recent history demonstrates this connection. The changing composition of the economies of South Carolina and North Carolina has resulted in
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21		Yes. Duke Energy Carolinas has a long history of supporting the economic development of South Carolina. Our first generating plants and transmission and distribution grid were built over a hundred years ago to fuel industrial development in the Carolinas. Our sales and profits are inextricably tied to the economic success of our service area. Recent history demonstrates this connection. The changing composition of the economies of South Carolina and North Carolina has resulted in losses of manufacturing jobs and business in the Company's service area. In

Economic Redevelopment Riders, which offer credits for customers locating new

load on the Duke Energy Carolinas system. Most of that effort has been aimed at
encouraging new industrial investments. Also, through the BPM sharing program,
the Company has provided significant assistance to economic development efforts,
and economic development-related educational initiatives to assist existing and new
customers. As a result of sustained economic development efforts in South Carolina
over the past decade, South Carolina is positioned for future growth and success.

We believe strongly that a healthy industrial base is good for all of our customers. A healthy and broad industrial customer base enables us to spread our fixed costs over a broader group of customers, thereby ensuring that prices are lower, on average, for all customers. Also, as new manufacturing businesses are established and existing manufacturing businesses expand, they typically create a significant multiplier effect that directly and indirectly produces additional jobs and investments. In light of the current economic recovery, our focus on economic development – targeted towards potential for new and existing customers – is more important than ever to maintain the competitiveness of our region. We are confident that our sustained economic development efforts will continue to provide positive results here in South Carolina. In addition, we remain committed to maintaining competitive rates for our customers over the long term.

Q. PLEASE DISCUSS SOME OF THE RESULTS IN SOUTH CAROLINA OF DUKE ENERGY CAROLINAS' ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES.

A. Our support for state and local economic development efforts, combined with our competitive electric rates, has produced a number of South Carolina economic development successes in which Duke Energy Carolinas has played a part. In 2010

alone, we estimate that our cooperative efforts with state and local economic
development officials have contributed to the creation of more than 5,200 South
Carolina jobs and over \$1.6 billion of capital investment in South Carolina. Also in
2010, Duke Energy Carolinas was named one of the "Top 10 Best" utility economic
development programs by Site Selection magazine, a recognition we earned for the
12 th straight year.

South Carolina's competitive advantages – a quality workforce, strong educational institutions, superior transportation infrastructure, and competitive energy rates – have been key factors in the state's ability to attract significant new businesses in the financial, electronics manufacturing, plastics, biopharmaceuticals, medical equipment, and automotive parts industries. These economic development successes continue to help offset the loss of jobs (and customers of Duke Energy Carolinas) in the textile industry.

V. ADVANCE SC

Q. DOES THE COMPANY HAVE ANY OTHER PROGRAMS THAT BENEFIT THE PEOPLE AND ECONOMY OF SOUTH CAROLINA?

Yes, in 2004, Duke Energy established AdvanceSC. AdvanceSC is funded from the Company's bulk power marketing (BPM) sharing program and is operated under the direction of an independent board. It was created to support communities in the Company's South Carolina service territory through grants for public assistance and economic development programs. In general, AdvanceSC focuses on advancing education to support industry, assisting other economic development organizations

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1		to attract and retain industries in our South Carolina service territory, and enhancing
2		the competitive position of manufacturers in our South Carolina service territory.
3	Q.	PLEASE DESCRIBE THE COMPANY'S BPM SHARING PROGRAM.
4	A.	Duke Energy Carolinas provides funding for AdvanceSC with 50% of the South
5		Carolina allocation of profits from BPM sales of electricity. BPM sales are non-
6		firm, short-term, wholesale sales made from the Company's generation resources
7		when they are not needed to serve its firm, native load customers. The
8		Commission's Order Approving Increase in Electric Rates and Charges in Docket
9		No. 2009-226-E, Order No. 2010-79 provided that the Company would extend its
10		sharing of non-firm BPM profits until the Company's next rate case, or through
11		December 31, 2015, whichever occurs first. Duke Energy Carolinas proposes to
12		increase the period of time over which it will make contributions to AdvanceSC for
13		an additional five years following the effective date of the order in this case.
14	Q.	HOW DOES ADVANCE SC USE THE FUNDS RECEIVED FROM DUKE
15		ENERGY CAROLINAS' BPM SHARING PROGRAM?
16	A.	AdvanceSC utilizes the shared BPM funds from Duke Energy Carolinas to fund (1)
17		public assistance programs, (2) a manufacturing competitiveness fund, (3) economic
18		development initiatives, and (4) workforce training programs in South Carolina.
19		More specifically, funding is first allocated to help fund Duke Energy's
20		"Share the Warmth," "Cooling Assistance," and "Fan Heat Relief" programs. Once
21		these public assistance program funding requirements are met, the remaining funds
22		are divided among the manufacturing competitiveness (50%), economic
23		development (25%), and education (25%) programs.

Heigel Exhibit 1 is a copy of AdvanceSC's 2010 performance report, which provides greater detail about AdvanceSC's activities and achievements.

Q. WHY IS THE COMPANY PROPOSING TO EXTEND ITS BPM SHARING

4 **PROGRAM?**

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In our view, the BPM sharing program has provided significant benefits for customers through the activities of AdvanceSC, while at the same time providing an incentive for the Company to maximize short-term opportunistic (and inherently unpredictable) wholesale sales. For example, since the sharing arrangement was implemented, contributions to AdvanceSC have ranged from \$24 million for the year 2005 to a low of \$1.1 million for the year 2009. We believe that it makes sense to share these BPM profits with AdvanceSC, as the Company has done successfully for several years now, in order to stimulate economic development and workforce education in our region while at the same time assisting those most in need. In sum, the BPM sharing program has a proven track record of aligning Company and customer interests for the benefit of the SC communities we serve. Therefore, we believe the Commission should authorize the Company to continue the profit sharing arrangement for an additional five year period.

VI. CUSTOMER SERVICE

19 Q. WHAT IS DUKE ENERGY CAROLINAS' GOAL WITH RESPECT TO 20 CUSTOMER SERVICE AND SATISFACTION?

A. Our continuing challenge is to achieve operational excellence in both customer service and reliability while also managing to keep our costs and rates low.

1 Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE DUKE ENERGY CAROLINAS' CUSTO	OMER
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3	A.	We strive to provide customers a variety of convenient methods to interact with
4		us. We work to manage and reduce customer service costs by leveraging new
5		technology and new customer service channels.

In 2010, we handled more than 14 million calls from customers in the Carolinas through automated and live voice channels. This is an increase in calls of 20% over the 2008 test year used in the last rate case. Since customers are taking advantage of our web and phone service to address their needs, the phone calls the Company receives often address more complex issues, such as questions on rate offerings, energy efficiency programs, or other issues in addition to the usual calls regarding service orders, requests for billing and payment information, and electric trouble calls. Our call center representatives have been able to resolve the vast majority of calls correctly the first time with no follow-up calls required by the customer. The performance of our customer service representatives is monitored on an ongoing basis by call center team leads and supervisors.

The calls described above are handled by approximately 325 customer service representatives in two call center locations and 45 agents in our "agents at home" program. Those numbers include approximately 40 employees added since the 2009 Rate Case to respond to the increase in customers calls described above. In addition, our sourcing partner, ERS, located in Atlanta, Georgia and Montgomery, Alabama, takes approximately 35% of total live voice call volume for the Carolinas. Our arrangement with ERS achieves a lower overall cost

structure and provides added means to deal with peak call volumes, especially during storms. During outages resulting from extreme weather, we enlist the support of Duke Energy Carolinas employees outside of the customer service organization. We also leverage our customer service representatives in the Midwest who have been trained to respond to Carolinas' customer outage calls for significant storms. In addition, "Storm Center" on the web is an online customer service improvement we have made since the 2009 Rate Case that allows customers to see the locations and number of electric outages during severe weather. That same enhancement also allows customers to report street light outages.

Other customer service channels include our Business Service Centers for commercial, industrial and institutional customers which enable business customers to handle their basic utility needs online and in one place. In addition, the Company offers residential customers the opportunity to pay their bills at various locations with Pay Agents, who are local authorized retailers or agents that accept Duke Energy Carolinas bill payments, often at extended hours. We also offer all customers our Automated Phone Service and enhanced web functionality through Online Services which includes new tools allowing customers to better analyze how external factors, such as weather, impact their energy usage. These web tools also offer customers a sense of which appliances in their homes are likely driving their energy usage and help resolve billing inquiries. Access to Online Services tools by Duke Energy Carolinas residential customers averages 360,000 log-ins per month. Customers can take advantage of a number of online opportunities that include the capability to view and pay their

bill, pursue a more detailed energy audit, receive a Personalized Energy Report,
and submit online requests for tree trimming. The number of customers paying
their bills electronically has increased significantly since the 2009 Rate Case. For
each month from January through June of 2011, electronic payments exceeded the
number of mail-in payments. The Personalized Energy Report, referred to above,
continues to be enhanced to provide customers with the necessary energy usage
information and energy savings tips that will enable them to effectively manage
their energy consumption and potentially lower their monthly bills.

Our customer satisfaction survey results indicate we are meeting our customers' needs and that we compare favorably to utilities in the Southeast and nationwide.

Q. TO WHAT DO YOU ATTRIBUTE DUKE ENERGY CAROLINAS' FAVORABLE CUSTOMER SATISFACTION?

Since being named President of Duke Energy Carolinas for South Carolina in March 2010, I have met with numerous key customers, customer groups, and other stakeholders. As I travelled the state and met with our customers, again and again customers have acknowledged our competitive rates, our reliability, our responsiveness, and our willingness to partner with them to improve the energy efficiency of their operations. In addition, customers have expressed appreciation for the proactive way in which we engage them about the issues and challenges affecting our business.

Further, we have been able to offer creative solutions to customers' operating issues. As I discuss further below, this ingenuity combined with the

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availability of funds through AdvanceSC provides us with the opportunity to assist in improving the competitive position of our large business customers. For our smaller customers, I believe our customer service success is linked to the myriad customer service channels we provide customers, as well as the rapid response of our representatives. Our goal is to provide customer service access that is easy to use and low cost for both the customers and the Company.

HAVE EXTERNAL PARTIES RECOGNIZED DUKE ENERGY FOR ITS 0. 8 **EFFORTS IN CUSTOMER SERVICE?**

Yes. National benchmark studies conducted by third parties provide important measures of customer satisfaction with our performance. Duke Energy has consistently rated very well in TQS Research, Inc.'s Key Account National Benchmark study. In 2010, Duke Energy Carolinas earned this rating with an overall customer satisfaction score of 92.3%. This study gauges the satisfaction of our largest customers - manufacturers, large hospitals, and four-year universities - in several areas, including overall satisfaction, reliability, price, power quality, and account management.

Another important measure of our success in this area is the annual electric utility customer satisfaction studies conducted by J.D. Power and Associates ("J.D. Power"), a firm well known for setting the standard of consumer opinion and customer satisfaction studies in many key industries. J.D. Power performs annual studies of electric utilities' residential and business customer satisfaction. Duke Energy Carolinas is included in both of these annual studies, and the results indicate that we are doing an outstanding job of consistently providing high quality customer service.

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The J.D. Power residential customer study, established in 1999, calculates
overall customer satisfaction based on six performance areas: (1) corporate
citizenship, (2) price, (3) power quality and reliability, (4) billing and payment, (5)
customer service, and (6) communications. Since the J.D. Power residential study
has been conducted, Duke Energy Carolinas' scores in overall satisfaction have
consistently outperformed the scores of the industry average and the South region
average for large utilities. In the past six years, Duke Energy has twice ranked #1 in
the large utility, South segment (2005 and 2010). For 2011, Duke Energy Carolinas
again ranked in the Top Quartile nationally in the large utility segment for overall
residential customer satisfaction. J.D. Power also conducts an annual survey of
business customers using the same six performance areas that are used in the
residential study and Duke Energy Carolinas consistently has also exceeded the
scores of the industry average and the South region average for large utilities in
overall satisfaction. In the 2011 study, Duke Energy Carolinas ranked 2 nd of 10
utilities in the large utility, South segment, an improvement from 4 th place in 2010.
Nationally, Duke Energy ranked 4 th out of 47 large utilities.

Although these results indicate Duke Energy Carolinas is consistently providing high quality customer service, the Company is aware that changing conditions that affect certain components of customer satisfaction, such as rate increases, storm response and high bills from extreme weather, can have a negative impact on overall customer satisfaction. As a result, Duke Energy Carolinas continues to strive for a better understanding of customer expectations in order to improve the overall customer experience and ensure the Company will continue to rank highly in customer surveys.

1	Q.	YOU	MENTION	PROACTIVE	CUSTOMER	ENGAGEMENT	ABOUT

2 ISSUES AFFECTING DUKE ENERGY CAROLINAS AS BEING

IMPORTANT TO CUSTOMER SATISFACTION. DID THE COMPANY

DO ANY OUTREACH WITH CUSTOMERS CONCERNING THIS RATE

INCREASE REQUEST?

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Yes. Earlier this year, we initiated an outreach campaign using our district managers, business customer relationship managers, economic development managers, lobbyists and even myself to inform our residential, commercial and industrial customers about our plans to file a rate case and the primary drivers behind the filing. This campaign ranged from individual meetings with large customers and legislators to group meetings with local chambers of commerce and economic development boards. In these meetings, we invited questions and reiterated our commitment to a "no surprises" approach to communicating with our customers about tough issues. In total, we spoke to more than 4800 customers at over 250 different events prior to filing our Application. We successfully reached customers in every county and every major city of our South Carolina service area.

Q. HOW DID CUSTOMERS RESPOND TO THIS CAMPAIGN?

Generally speaking, customers appreciated the Company's transparency and willingness to communicate face-to-face regarding the filing. Although we could not provide an increase percentage at most of our meetings, local government leaders especially appreciated the advance notice of a proposed rate increase and the explanation of the drivers for the increase as they began their own budget discussions for the coming fiscal year. Elected officials have welcomed our

1		outreach as an opportunity to gain insight and knowledge on a subject that ofter
2		generates constituent questions. Our outreach campaign continues to facilitate oper
3		dialogue and meaningful discussions between the Company and our customers
4		Attached as Heigel Exhibit 2 is a copy of the presentation used with customers.
5		VII. <u>CONCLUSION</u>
6	Q.	MS. HEIGEL, WHY IS IT IMPORTANT THAT DUKE ENERGY
7		CAROLINAS BE GRANTED THIS RATE INCREASE?
8	A.	Simply stated, our revenues must cover all of our costs necessary to provide safe
9		reliable, and economically priced electricity to our customers. Our current rates are
10		insufficient to meet these objectives and therefore a rate increase is required. If we
11		are to continue to carry out our obligation to provide safe, reliable, and economically
12		priced electricity to our customers and to build the infrastructure needed to provide
13		the energy for South Carolina's future growth, our revenues must cover all of our
14		costs, including a return on investment that will enable us to raise on reasonable
15		terms the large amounts of capital required by the Company's capital project plans.

- 16 Q. WERE HEIGEL EXHIBITS 1 AND 2 PREPARED BY YOU OR UNDER
- 17 YOUR SUPERVISION AND DIRECTION?
- 18 A. Yes.
- 19 Q. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR PRE-FILED DIRECT TESTIMONY?
- 20 A. Yes, it does.